

Setting up a Paratext Project for Success

How to set up new Paratext users for success

Use links for more information

License

User is [registered](#)

User is in the [correct organization](#)

User can log in to the [Paratext Registry](#).

User has set [email/newsletter preferences](#)

User has set registry language preference

Installation

[Paratext program installed](#)

Fonts have been updated (if prompted)

Latest update is installed

[Registration Name and Registration Code are entered](#)

Automatic updates are on [Automatically update Paratext](#) (Paratext menu > Help >

Automatically update Paratext).

[User interface language is selected](#).

Additional fonts needed by the language installed (if any)

Enhanced and text resources are installed:

[Install Resources - Online](#)

[Install Resources - Offline](#)

Image file resource (for example: IMG3_HD) installed. (essential for enhanced resources)

Keyboard

Vernacular keyboard installed ([Keyman](#) recommended)

[Keyboard is linked to Paratext project](#) (Project menu > Project settings > Keyboard)

[Autocorrect.txt file is set up](#) for smart quotes or other special needs

Project

[Project is created and registered](#)

Language Definition is set up

[language identifier](#) is chosen

Characters and sort order are defined

Project font is chosen

Font features are defined

The book tab is set to the books in the project scope

Versification is set correctly

Project is registered

Team members added with appropriate roles/permissions (Project menu > Project settings > User permissions)

Other Permissions are set correctly for each user (Project menu > Project settings > User permissions > Other permissions)

Progress - can mark project progress for all users, not just self

Passages - can approve status of Parallel passages

Spellings - can mark spelling status of words

Renderings - can add/edit Biblical Term Renderings

Terms - can change or modify the Biblical Terms list

The correct [project plan is applied](#)

Base plan is customized according to the team's process.

See [Combining Tasks \(video\)](#).

See [Modifying a Project Plan \(video\)](#).

[Automatic checks](#) are set to be run at the appropriate project stages

Additional projects set up (if needed)

[Back translation project](#)

Auxiliary project

Transliteration project

Project(s) synced via [Send/Receive](#)

Scheduled (automatic) Send/Receive is configured if desired (Daily, On Startup/Shutdown)

FieldWorks project is linked (if exists)

Recommended [Biblical terms list associated](#) (Major Biblical Terms list or Project list)

Recommended project notes flags created - *Project Administrator*

Layouts in Paratext

[Paratext Layouts configured](#) (*On the user's computer or shared from a project administrator*)

Layout has been saved and user can restore it

Instruction

Keyboarding typing guide has been supplied

User has been introduced to the [Paratext website](#)

[Downloaded Paratext videos](#) have been supplied

User knows how to [generate a new registration code](#) and why

Language settings

Is the correct language identifier being used for the language? This is **very important** as it helps identify which languages have work being done. The language identifier is stored in the Paratext Registry and modifications to it must be made in the Registry.

Language identifier

BCP-47 Standard should include the 2 or 3 letter language code, and additional codes, **only if they are needed to uniquely identify the language or script** by distinguishing it from others in existence.

- Script: the type of script, but only if there are multiple scripts for a given language. If not, the script is assumed and you should leave it blank.
- Region: only include the region if the language must be distinguished from another dialect of the same language that shares the same 3-letter code
- Variant: Usually blank, but this is one way to register a known variant.
- Dialect: Known dialects may be selectable here.

Language Settings Dialog

- Alphabetic Characters
 - Set all of the alphabetic characters here, following the instructions in the User Guide.
- Other Characters
 - Give special attention to Word-medial punctuation. Any non-alphabetic characters that may appear inside of a word (such as a dash joining compound words), must be added here. Otherwise, the word will be broken into two words.
- Font
- Font Features
 - Do you want to use the literary characters "αg" instead of the typographic characters "ag". These and other character preferences can be selected if using one of the SIL fonts with font features enabled.
 - If font features are not working (or not able to be activated in Paratext), it is usually because you have an old version of the font installed. You can find the font on the web and download the

installer to update it.

Configuring checks for a project that has already started

Preparing for automated checking

It is a dynamic process

- When a project is brand new, there aren't a lot of checks that can be configured.
- As the project begins to have text in it, the inventories can be configured.

What quotation system will be used?

- Set up the quotation rules
 - Think about your rules
 - Test what you have
 - Adjust the rules
 - Make corrections to the rules or text as necessary

Begin setting up inventories (when you have some text data)

- **Characters Inventory:** Either combine letters with diacritics or display characters separately.
- **Punctuation Inventory**
 - Select **Show sequences** to view sequences of punctuation characters.
 - Clear **Show sequences** to view individual punctuation characters categorized by the contexts in which they occur (for example, Word Final). An underscore character preceding or following an item in the Punctuation column represents a space.
 - If the project does not have **Quotation Rules** set, a reddish bar will appear under the title bar of the inventory. Click Quotation Rules to the right of the reddish bar to set the Quotation Rules.
- **Markers Inventory:** Standard Format markers. The stylesheet determines validity.
- **Unmatched Pairs of Punctuation:** Unmatched punctuation characters (punctuation which is typically one of a pair, but is not matched by its counterpart).
- **Repeated Words:** Words followed by repeated occurrences of themselves (for example, had had or the the).
- **Markers Missing Final Sentence Punctuation.**
 - Select **Show All Final Punctuation** to display the individual characters that are the final characters of text that is preceded by a paragraph style marker.
 - Clear **Show All Final Punctuation** to group together all characters that are not sentence-final punctuation characters, but are final characters of text that is preceded by a paragraph style marker.
- **Capitalization Inventories and Check (video)**
 - **Markers Followed by a Lower Case Letter:** Standard Format markers which are typically sentence-initial, but are followed by a lowercase letter.
 - **Punctuation Followed by a Lower Case Letter:**
 - Select **Show sequences** to view unique sequences of punctuation that are followed by a lower case letter.
 - Clear **Show sequences** to view individual punctuation characters which are typically sentence-final, but are followed by space, and then a lowercase letter.
 - **Mixed Capitalization:** Words which have capitalization other than initial uppercase followed by all lowercase.

Scripture Reference Settings

Even before books are translated, you will be writing cross-references or notes which refer to passages in them. For this to succeed later on, you will need to name those books in advance.

- What book names are you using?
- What is the format for a reference?

- Where will you put the origin of notes?